CE
IVD

Adenovirus Antigen Rapid Test Kit (Fecal Specimen)

Instruction for Use

Read this instruction carefully before use

A rapid test for the qualitative detection of Adenovirus antigen in human fecal specimens. For professional medical institutions use only. Not for self-testing.

PRODUCT NAME

Adenovirus Antigen Rapid Test Kit (Fecal Specimen)

SPECIFICATION

25 tests/kit, 5 tests/kit, 1 test/kit

INTENDED USE

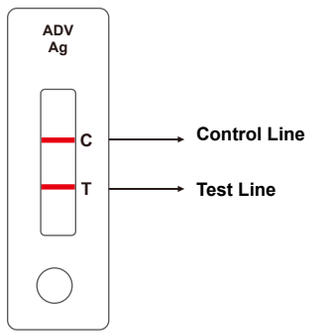
The Adenovirus Antigen Rapid Test Kit is a lateral flow chromatographic immunoassay for the qualitative detection of Novel coronavirus in human fecal specimens. It is suitable for the auxiliary diagnosis of Adenovirus infection.

INTRODUCTION

Adenovirus most commonly cause respiratory illness, however, depending on the infecting serotype, they may also cause various other illnesses, such as gastroenteritis, conjunctivitis, cystitis and rash illness. Symptoms of respiratory illness caused by Adenovirus infection range from the common cold syndrome to pneumonia, croup and bronchitis. Patients with compromised immune systems are especially susceptible to severe complications of Adenovirus is transmitted by direct contact, fecal-oral transmission and occasionally waterborne transmission. Some types are capable of establishing persistent asymptomatic infections in tonsils, adenoids, and intestines of infected hosts and shedding can occur for months or years.

PRINCIPLE

The Adenovirus Antigen Rapid Test Kit is a lateral flow chromatographic immunoassay. The test cassette consists of: 1) a burgundy colored conjugate pad containing recombinant antigen conjugated with colloid gold (monoclonal mouse anti-Adenovirus antibody conjugates) and rabbit IgG-gold conjugates, 2) a nitrocellulose membrane strip containing test band (T bands) and a control band (C band). The T band is pre-coated with monoclonal mouse anti- Adenovirus antibody for the detection of Adenovirus antigen, and the C band is pre-coated with goat anti rabbit IgG. When an adequate volume of test specimen is dispensed into the sample well of the test cassette, the specimen migrates by capillary action across the cassette. Adenovirus if present in the specimen will bind to the monoclonal mouse anti-Adenovirus antibody conjugates. The immunocomplex is then captured on the membrane by the pre-coated mouse anti-Adenovirus antibody, forming a burgundy colored T band, indicating a Adenovirus antigen positive test result.



Absence of test band (T) suggests a negative result. The test contains an internal control (C band) which should exhibit a burgundy colored band of the immunocomplex of goat anti rabbit IgG/rabbit IgG-gold conjugate regardless of the color development on any of the test bands. Otherwise, the test result is invalid, and the specimen must be retested with another device.

MAIN COMPONENTS

Materials Provided

Components	25 tests/kit	5 tests/kit	1 test/kit
Cassettes	25 cassettes with dependent sealed foil pouch	5 cassettes with dependent sealed foil pouch	1 cassette with dependent sealed foil pouch
specimen vial with buffer	1ml/bottle/25pcs	1ml/bottle/5pcs	1ml/bottle/1pcs
Transfer tube	25 pcs	5 pcs	1 pcs
Package insert	1 pcs	1 pcs	1 pcs

Main ingredients of test cassettes:

Mouse anti-Adenovirus antibody, Goat anti-rabbit IgG polyclonal antibody, Adenovirus antibody, rabbit IgG, Colloidal gold conjugate, Other test device support; one desiccant.

Main ingredients of Sample Diluent Solution:

Neutral salt buffer

Reagents of different batch numbers cannot be used interchangeably.

MATERIALS REQUIRED BUT NOT PROVIDED

Timer for timing use

PRECAUTIONS

- Read this IFU carefully before use.
- Do not spill solution into the reaction zone.
- Do not use test if pouch is damaged.
- Do not use test kit after expiration date.
- Do not mix Sample Diluent Solution and Transfer Tubes from different lots.
- Do not open the Test Cassette foil pouch until ready to perform the test.
- Do not spill solution into the reaction zone.
- For professional use only.
- For in-vitro diagnostic use only
- Do not touch the reaction zone of the device to avoid contamination.
- Avoid cross-contamination of samples by using a new specimen collection container and specimen collection tube for each sample.
- All patient samples should be treated as if capable of transmitting disease. Observe established precautions against microbiological hazards throughout testing and follow standard procedures for proper disposal of specimens.
- Do not use more than the required amount of liquid.
- Bring all reagents to room temperature (15~30°C) before use.
- Wear protective clothing such as laboratory coats, disposable gloves and eye protection when testing.
- Evaluate the test result after 20 minutes and not beyond 30 minutes.
- Store and transport the test device always at 2~30°C.

STORAGE AND STABILITY

- The kit should be stored at 2~30°C, valid for 12months.
- The test must remain in the sealed pouch until use.
- Do not freeze.
- Cares should be taken to protect components in this kit from contamination. Do not use if there is evidence of microbial contamination or precipitation. Biological contamination of dispensing equipment, containers or reagents can lead to false results.

SPECIMEN COLLECTION AND HANDLING

Consider any materials of human origin as infectious and handle them using standard biosafety procedures.

Procedure A: Solid stool samples

Step 1: Collect a random stool sample in a clean, dry receptacle.

Step 2: Open the stool collection device by unscrewing the top and use the collection stick to randomly pierce the stool sample in at least five different sites. Do not scoop stool sample as this may lead to an invalid test result.

Step 3: Ensure stool sample is only in the grooves of the collection stick. Excess stool sample may lead to an invalid test result.

Step 4: Replace the collection stick and tighten securely to close the stool collection device.

Step 5: Shake the stool collection device vigorously.

Note: Specimens extracted may be stored at 2-8°C for up to 3 days. If longer storage is required, freezing at ≤-20°C is recommended.

ASSAY PROCEDURE

Step 1: Bring the specimen and test components to room temperature if refrigerated or frozen.

Step 2: When ready to test, open the pouch at the notch and remove the test device. Place the test device on a clean, flat surface.

Step 3: Shake the stool collection device vigorously to ensure an effective liquid suspension.

Step 4: Position the stool collection device upright and twist off the dispenser cap. Holding the stool collection device vertically, dispense 2 drops of the solution (85-95uL) into the sample well of the test device. Do not overload sample.

Step 5: Set up timer.

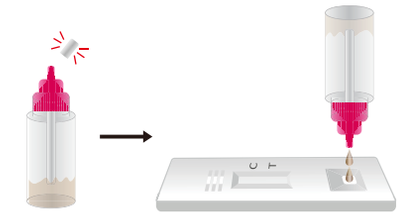
Step 6: Results can be read after 15 minutes. Positive results can be visible in as short as 1 minute.

Don't read results after 30 minutes.To avoid confusion, discard the test device after interpreting the result.

QUALITY CONTROL

Internal Control: This test contains a built-in control feature, the C band. The C line develops after adding specimen and sample diluent. Otherwise, review the whole procedure and repeat test with a new device.

External Control: Good Laboratory Practice recommends using the external controls, positive and negative, to assure the proper performing of the assay, in particularly, under the following circumstances:

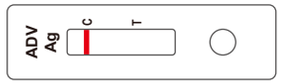


a. New operator uses the kit, prior to performing testing of specimens.
b.A new lot of test kit is used.
c.A new shipment of kits is used.
d.The temperature used during storage of the kit fall outside of 2 -30℃.
e.The temperature of the test area falls outside of 15℃ -30℃.

RESULT INTERPRETATION

POSITIVE: Two distinct red lines appear. One line should be in the control region(C) and the other line should be in the test region(T).

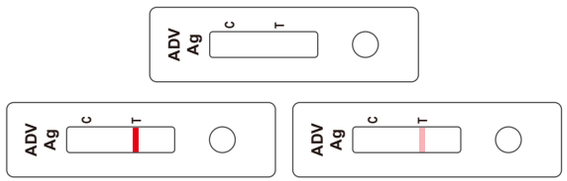
NEGATIVE: One red line appears in the control region(C). No red line appears in the test region(T).The negative result does not indicate the absence of analyses in the sample, it only indicates the level of tested analyses in the sample is less than cut-off level.



INVALID: No colored lines appear, or control line fails to appear, indicating that the operator error or reagent failure. Verify the test procedure and repeat the test with a new testing device.

NOTE:

The intensity of the color in test region (T) may vary depending on the concentration of aimed substances present in the specimen. Therefore, any shade of color in the test region should be considered positive. Besides, the substances level cannot be determined by this qualitative test.Insufficient specimen volume, incorrect operation procedure, or performing expired tests are the most likely reasons for control band failure.



PERFORMANCE CHARACTERISTICS

1.Sensitivity, Specificity and Accuracy

A total of 354 patient samples from susceptible subjects were test by the ELISA test. Comparison for all subjects is showed in the following table:

ADV Antigen Rapid Test Kit	ELISA Test		
BESTest	Positive	Negative	Total
Positive	150	4	154
Negative	2	198	200
Total	152	202	354
Relative Sensitivity: 97.4%; Relative Sp ecificity:99%; Overall agreement: 98.31%			

2. Limit of Detection（LOD）

The limit of detection of the Adenovirus Antigen Rapid test has been studied.

Concentration	Positive Results	Agreement Rate
10pg/ml protein	**100/100**	**100%**
$5*10^2$ $TCID_{50}$/ml	**100/100**	**100%**

3. Cross-reactivity

The Adenovirus antigen rapid test kit is associated with a panel of proteins of other human coronavirus recombinant antigen and other respiratory symptoms relative virus. The cross-reactivity results showed in below sheet.

Substance	Concentration	Result
Adenovirus	0.001μg/mL	Positive
Adenovirus	$5*10^2$ $TCID_{50}$/ml	Positive
MERS-CoV N-Protein	10^5 pfu/ml	Negative
HCoV-NL63 N-Protein	10^5 pfu/ml	Negative
HCoV-229E N-Protein	10^5 pfu/ml	Negative
HCoV-HKU1 N-Protein	1μg/mL	Negative
Influenza-A-Virus	$1X10^5TCID_{50}$ /mL	Negative
Influenza B-Virus	$1X10^5TCID_{50}$ /mL	Negative
SARS-COV-2 Virus	$1X10^5TCID_{50}$ /mL	Negative
Parainfluenza-Virus	$1X10^5TCID_{50}$ /mL	Negative
Chlamydia pneumoniae	$1X10^5TCID_{50}$ /mL	Negative

4. Interfering Substances

This kit has no interference with HAMA, Human serum Albumin, Antinuclear antibody, Antimitochondrial antibody, Cholesterol, Bilirubin conjugated, Lipids, Hemoglobin, Bilirubin unconjugated, Rheumatoid factor, et al.

QUALITY CONTROL

1.Internal procedural controls are included in the test. A colored band appearing in the control region (C) is considered an internal positive procedural control. It confirms sufficient specimen volume and correct procedural technique.

2.External controls are not supplied with this kit. It is recommended that positive and negative controls be tested as a good laboratory practice to confirm the test procedure and to verify proper test performance.

TEST LIMITATIONS

1.The Adenovirus Antigen Rapid Test Kit (Fecal Specimen) is for in vitro diagnostic use only. This test should be used for the detection of Adenovirus antigens in human fecal specimens.

2.The Adenovirus Antigen Rapid Test Kit (Fecal Specimen) will only indicate the presence to Adenovirus in the specimen and should not be used as the sole criteria for the diagnosis of Adenovirus infections.

3.If the symptom persists, while the result from Adenovirus Antigen Rapid Test is negative or non-reactive result, it is recommended to re-sample the patient few hours later.

4.As with all diagnostic tests, all results must be interpreted together with other clinical information available to the physician.

5.If the test result is negative and clinical symptoms persist, additional testing using other clinical methods is recommended. A negative result does not at any time preclude the possibility of Adenovirus infection.

6.The potential impacts of vaccines, antiviral therapeutics, antibiotics, chemotherapeutic or immunosuppressant drugs have not been evaluated in the test.

7.Due to inherent differences between methodologies, it is highly recommended that, prior to switching from one technology to the next, method correlation studies are undertaken to qualify technology differences. One hundred percent agreement between the results should not be expected due to differences between technologies.

8.Performance has only been established with the specimen types listed in the Intended Use. Other specimen types have not been evaluated and should not be used with this assay.

CAUTION

1.This product is used for in vitro diagnosis only.

2.Must strictly follow the instructions for operation and interpretation of the results.

3.The product is qualitatively tested, and the result cannot be used as a quantitative basis.should be tested using reagents within the validity period.

4.The cassetes, collectors,droppers,and tubes are for single person one-time use, cannot be reused.

5.Because the sample titer is different, the red lines of the test line will show different shades of color, all of which indicate positive results. The depth of the test line color cannot be used as the basis for determining the antibody titer in the sample.

6.The samples stored at low temperature should be balanced to room temperature and fully mixed before testing.

7.Samples and waste must be treated as a potential source of infection and the desiccant in the foil bag is not edible.

SYMBOLS

Symbol	Used For	Symbol	Used For
	Use-by date		Consult instructions for use
LOT	Batch code	IVD	In vitro diagnostic medical device
	Temperature limit		Manufacturer
	Please don't reuse it		Keep away from sunlight
	Don’t use the product when the package is damaged		Keep dry
	Date of manufacture	Σ	Tests per kit
CE	CE Mark		Biological Risks
EC REP	Authorized representative in the European Community		

BASIC INFORMATION

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