



Read this instruction carefully before use

A rapid test for the qualitative detection of Clostridium Difficile GDH+ToxinA+ToxinB antigen in human fecal specimen. For professional medical institutions use only, Not for self testing.

PRODUCT NAME

Clostridium Difficile GDH+ToxinA+ToxinB Antigen Rapid Test Kit (Colloidal Gold)

SPECIFICATION

25 tests/kit. 5 tests/kit. 1 test/kit.

INTENDED USE

The Clostridium Difficile GDH+ToxinA+ToxinB Antigen Rapid Test Kit is a lateral flow chromatographic immunoassay for the qualitative detection of Clostridium Difficile GDH, ToxinA and Toxin B in human Fecal Specimen. It is suitable for the auxiliary diagnosis of Clostridium Difficile infection.

INTRODUCTION

Clostridium Difficile(C.difficile), a Gram-positive spore bearing anaerobic bacterium is the major aetiological agent of diarrhoea and colitis associated with antibiotics. C. difficile is the most common cause of health care-associated diarrhoea in developed coutries and is a major source of nosocomial morbidity and mortality worldwide.

Diease due to C.difficile develops when the organism is allowed to proliferate in the colon,most commonly after antibiotic use has eliminated competing flora, C. difficile can release two high-molecular-weight toxins,toxin A and toxin B, which are responsible for the clinical manifestations, which range from mild, self-limited watery diarrhoea to COMPONENTS fulminant pseudomembranous colitis,toxic megacolon and death.

Clostridium difficile Glutamate dehydrogenase(GDH)is an enzyme produced in large quantities by all toxigenic and non-toxigenic strains, making it an excellent marker for

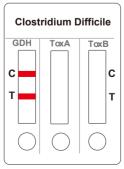
The toxigenic culture(TC) is used as the gold standard technique to determine Clostridium difficile infection. This method consists in culture and isolation of C.difficile from faeces, followed by toxin testing of the isolate, a labour-intensive assay to obtain a result.

PRINCIPLE

The Clostridium Difficile GDH+ToxinA+ToxinB Antigen Rapid Test Kit is a lateral flow chromatographic immunoassay. The test cassette consists of: 1) a burgundy colored conjugate pad containing mouse anti-Clostridium Difficile GDH antibody, mouse anti-Clostridium Difficile Toxin A antibody, mouse anti-Clostridium Difficile Toxin B antibody

• Do not mix Sample Diluent Solution and Transfer Tubes from different lots. conjugated with colloid gold and rabbit IgG-gold conjugates,2) a nitrocellulose membrane strip containing three test bands (GDH T band, Toxin A T band and Toxin B T band) and a control band (C band). The GDH T band is pre-coated with the antibody for the GDH , Toxin A T band is coated with antibody for the ToxinA, Toxin B T band is • For in-vitro diagnostic use only coated with antibody for the ToxinB, and the C band is pre-coated with goat anti rabbit

• Do not touch the reaction zone of the device to avoid contamination. IgG. When an adequate volume of test specimen is dispensed into the sample well of the test cassette, the specimen migrates by capillary action across the cassette.



Clostridium Difficile GDH if present in the specimen will bind to the monoclonal not use if there is evidence of microbial contamination or precipitation. Biological mouse anti-Clostridium Difficile GDH antibody conjugates. The immunocomplex is contamination of dispensing equipment, containers or reagents can lead to false then captured on the membrane by the pre-coated mouse anti-Clostridium Difficile GDH antibody, forming a burgundy colored GDH T band, indicating a Clostridium Difficile GDH antigen positive test result. Absence of test band (GDH T) suggests a negative result. Clostridium Difficile Toxin B if present in the specimen will bind to the monoclonal mouse anti-Clostridium Difficile Toxin B antibody conjugates. The immunocomplex is then captured on the membrane by the pre-coated mouse anti-Clostridium Difficile Toxin B antibody, forming a burgundy colored Toxin B band. indicating a Clostridium Difficile Toxin B antigen positive test result. Absence of test band (Toxin B) suggests a negative result. Clostridium Difficile Toxin A if present in the specimen will bind to the monoclonal mouse anti-Clostridium Difficile Toxin A antibody conjugates. The immunocomplex is then captured on the membrane by the pre-coated mouse anti-Clostridium Difficile Toxin A antibody, forming a burgundy colored Toxin A band, indicating a Clostridium Difficile Toxin A antigen positive test result. Absence of test band (Toxin A) suggests a negative result. The test contains an internal control (C band) which should exhibit a burgundy colored band of the immunocomplex of goat anti rabbit IgG/rabbit IgG-gold conjugate regardless of the color development on any of the test bands. Otherwise, the test result is invalid, and the specimen must be retested with another device.

Components	25 tests/kit	5 tests/kit	1 test/kit
Cassettes	25 cassettes with dependent sealed foil pouch	5 cassettes with dependent sealed foil pouch	1 cassette with dependent sealed foil pouch
Specimen vial with buffer	1mL/bottle, 25pcs	1mL/bottle, 5pcs	1mL/bottle, 1pcs
Transfer tube	25 pcs	5 pcs	1 pcs
Package insert	1 pcs	1 pcs	1 pcs

Materials Provided

Main ingredients of Sample Diluent Solution:

Neutral salt buffer

Reagents of different batch numbers cannot be used interchangeably. MATERIALS REQUIRED BUT NOT PROVIDED

for timing use

PRECAUTIONS

For in Vitro Diagnostic Use

- · Read this IFU carefully before use.
- · Do not spill solution into the reaction zone.
- Do not use test if pouch is damaged.
- · Do not use test kit after expiration date.
- · Do not open the Test Cassette foil pouch until ready to perform the test.
- · Do not spill solution into the reaction zone.
- · For professional use only.

- · Avoid cross-contamination of samples by using a new specimen collection container
- and specimen collection tube for each sample.
- All patient samples should be treated as if capable of transmitting disease. Observe established precautions against microbiological hazards throughout testing and follow standard procedures for proper disposal of specimens.
- Do not use more than the required amount of liquid.
- Bring all reagents to room temperature (15~30°C) before use.
- Wear protective clothing such as laboratory coats, disposable gloves and eye protection when testing.
- Evaluate the test result after 20 minutes and not beyond 30 minutes.
- Store and transport the test device always at 2~30°C.

STORAGE AND STABILITY

- The kit should be stored at 2~30°C, valid for 12months.
- The test must remain in the sealed pouch until use.
- · Do not freeze.
- · Cares should be taken to protect components in this kit from contamination. Do

Ningbo BESTest Bio-technology Co.,Ltd.

SPECIMEN COLLECTION AND HANDLING

Consider any materials of human origin as infectious and handle them using standard biosafety procedures.

Procedure A: Solid stool samples

Step 1: Collect a random stool sample in a clean, dry receptacle.

Step 2: Open the stool collection device by unscrewing the top and use the collection stick to randomly pierce the stool sample in at least five different sites. Do not scoop stool sample as this may lead to an invalid test result.

Step 3: Ensure stool sample is only in the grooves of the collection stick. Excess stool sample may lead to an invalid test result.

Step 4: Replace the collection stick and tighten securely to close the stool collection

Step 5: Shake the stool collection device vigorously.



Note: Specimens extracted may be stored at 2-8°C for up to 3 days. If longer storage is required, freezing at ≤-20°C is recommended.

ASSAY PROCEDURE

Step 1: Bring the specimen and test components to room temperature if refrigerated

Step 2: When ready to test, open the pouch at the notch and remove the test device. Place the test device on a clean, flat surface.

Step 3: Shake the stool collection device vigorously to ensure an effective liquid

Step 4: Position the stool collection device upright and twist off the dispenser cap. Holding the stool collection device vertically, dispense 2 drops of the solution (85-95uL) into the sample well of the test device. Do not overload sample.



Step 5: Set up timer.

Step 6: Results can be read after 15 minutes. Positive results can be visible in as short

Don't read results after 30 minutes. To avoid confusion, discard the test device after interpreting the result.

QUALITY CONTROL

Internal Control: This test contains a built-in control feature, the C band. The C line develops after adding specimen and sample diluent. Otherwise, review the whole procedure and repeat test with a new device.

External Control: Good Laboratory Practice recommends using the external controls, positive and negative, to assure the proper performing of the assay, in particularly, under the following circumstances:

a. New operator uses the kit, prior to performing testing of specimens.

b A new lot of test kit is used

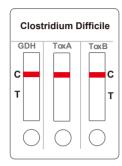


- c.A new shipment of kits is used.
- d. The temperature used during storage of the kit fall outside of 2 -30 °C.
- e.The temperature of the test area falls outside of 15 °C -30 °C.

INTERPRETATION OF ASSAY RESULT

Negative Control

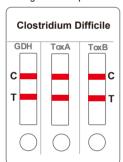
If only the C band is developed, the test indicates that no detectable Clostridium Difficile GDH, ToxinA & ToxinB antigen is present in the specimen. The result is non-reactive

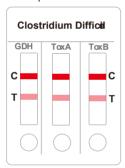


Positive Control:

Clostridium Difficile GDH antigen positive

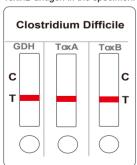
If both C and T lines are developed, the test indicates the presence of Clostridium Difficile GDH antigen in the specimen. The result is positive.

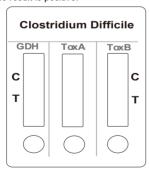




Clostridium Difficile ToxinB antigen positive

If both C and T lines are developed, the test indicates the presence of Clostridium Difficile ToxinB antigen in the specimen. The result is positive.





Clostridium Difficile ToxinA antigen positive

If both C and T lines are developed, the test indicates the presence of Clostridium Difficile ToxinA antigen in the specimen. The result is positive.

INVALID

If no C line is developed, the assay is invalid regardless of any color development on the T line as indicated below. Repeat the assay with a new test device.

Excess fecal specimen can lead to invalid test results; if this is the cause, resample and re-test (see instructions for collection of specimen).

The appearance of any burgundy color in the test bands, regardless of intensity, must be considered as presence of the band.

Samples with positive or reactive results should be confirmed with alternative testing method(s) such as ELISA or PCR and clinical findings before a diagnostic decision is made.

PERFORMANCE CHARACTERISTICS

1. Sensitivity, Specificity and Accuracy:

1.1Clostridium Difficile GDH

A total of 384 patient samples from susceptible subjects were test by the ELISA test. Comparison for all subjects is showed in the following table:

	Clostridium Difficile GDH Antigen Test	ELISA Test		
	BESTest	Positive	Negative	Total
[Positive	83	1	84
	Negative	2 298		300
	Total	85 299		384
	Relative Sensitivity: 98.81%; Relative Specificity:99.33%;			
	Overall agreement: 99.22%.			

1.2 Clostridium Difficile ToxinB

A total of 400 patient samples from susceptible subjects were test by the ELISA test. Comparison for all subjects is showed in the following table:

Clostridium Difficile ToxinB Antigen Test	ELISA Test		
BESTest	Positive	Negative	Total
Positive	96	4	100
Negative	2 298		300
Total	98 302		400
Relative Sensitivity: 96%; Relative Sp ecificity:99.33%; Overall agreement: 98.5%.			

1.3 Clostridium Difficile ToxinA

A total of 397 patient samples from susceptible subjects were test by the ELISA test. Comparison for all subjects is showed in the following table:

Clostridium Difficile ToxinA Antigen Test	ELISA Test		
BESTest	Positive	Negative	Total
Positive	96	1	97
Negative	2	300	
Total	98	397	
Relative Sensitivity: 98.97%; Relative Sp ecificity:99.33%;			
Overall agreement: 99.24%.			

2. Cross-reactivity:

An evaluation was performed to determine the cross reactivity of Clostridium Difficile GDH+ToxinA+ToxinB Antigen, no cross reactivity against gastrointestinal pathogens occasionally present in faeces:

Name	Name	Name
Adenovirus	Enterovirus	Listeria monocytogenes
Campylobacter coli	Entamoeba hystolitica	Norovirus
Campylobacter jejuni	Escherichia coli O157:H7	Rotavirus
Clostridium Difficlie	Giardia lamblia	Salmonella enteritidis
Cryptosporidium parvum	Helicobacter pylori	Salmonella paratyphi
Bovine Transferrin	Human Haemoglobin	Human Transferrin
Human Calprotectin	HUman Lactoferrin	Legionella pneumophila
Salmonella typhi	Salmonella typhimurium	Shigella dysenteriae

Ningbo BESTest Bio-technology Co.,Ltd.

Shigella flexneri	Shigella sonnei	Pig haemoglobin
Astrovirus	Bovine Haemoglobin	Bovine Lactoferrin
Streptococcus pyogenes	Streptococcus pneumococcal	

3.Interfering Substances

This kit has no interference with HAMA, Human serum Albumin, Antinuclear antibody, Antimitochondrial antibody, Cholesterol, Bilirubin conjugated, Lipids, Hemoglobin, Bilirubin unconjugated, Rheumatoid factor, et al.

QUALITY CONTROL

1.Internal procedural controls are included in the test. A colored band appearing in the control region (C) is considered an internal positive procedural control. It confirms sufficient specimen volume and correct procedural technique.

2.External controls are not supplied with this kit. It is recommended that positive and negative controls be tested as a good laboratory practice to confirm the test procedure and to verify proper test performance.

TEST LIMITATIONS

1.The Clostridium Difficile GDH+ToxinB+ToxinA Antigen Rapid Test Kit (Fecal Specimen) is for in vitro diagnostic use only. This test should be used for the detection of Clostridium Difficile GDH,ToxinB and Toxin A antigens in human Fecal specimens.

2.The Clostridium Difficile GDH+ToxinB+ToxinĀ Antigen Rapid Test Kit (Fecal Specimen)will only indicate the presence to Clostridium Difficile GDH,ToxinB,ToxinA in the specimen and should not be used as the sole criteria for the diagnosis of Clostridium Difficile infections.

3.If the symptom persists, while the result from Clostridium Difficile GDH+ToxinB+ToxinA Antigen Rapid Test is negative or non-reactive result, it is recommended to re-sample the patient few hours later.

4.As with all diagnostic tests, all results must be interpreted together with other clinical information available to the physician.

5.If the test result is negative and clinical symptoms persist, additional testing using other clinical methods is recommended. A negative result does not at any time preclude the possibility of Clostridium Difficile GDH,ToxinB,ToxinA infection.

6.The potential impacts of vaccines, antiviral therapeutics, antibiotics, chemotherapeutic or immunosuppressant drugs have not been evaluated in the test.

7. Due to inherent differences between methodologies, it is highly recommended that, prior to switching from one technology to the next, method correlation studies are undertaken to qualify technology differences. One hundred percent agreement between the results should not be expected due to differences between technologies.

8 Performance has only been established with the specimen types listed in the

8.Performance has only been established with the specimen types listed in the Intended Use. Other specimen types have not been evaluated and should not be used with this assay.

CAUTION

1. This product is used for in vitro diagnosis only.

2. Must strictly follow the instructions for operation and interpretation of the results.

3. The product is qualitatively tested, and the result cannot be used as a quantitative basis, should be tested using reagents within the validity period.

4.The cassetes, collectors,droppers,and tubes are for single person one-time use, cannot be reused.

5.Because the sample titer is different, the red lines of the test line will show different shades of color, all of which indicate positive results. The depth of the test line color cannot be used as the basis for determining the antibody titer in the sample.

6.The samples stored at low temperature should be balanced to room temperature and fully mixed before testing.

7.Samples and waste must be treated as a potential source of infection and the desiccant in the foil bag is not edible.



SYMBOLS

OTHIDOLO	3 TMBOES				
Symbol	Used For	Symbol	Used For		
	Use-by date		Consult instructions for use		
LOT	Batch code	IVD	In vitro diagnostic medical device		
	Temperature limit		Manufacturer		
2	Please don't reuse it	**	Keep away from sunlight		
®	Don't use the product when the package is damaged	**	Keep dry		
	Date of manufacture	Σ	Tests per kit		
CE	CE Mark	%	Biological Risks		
EC REP	Authorized representative in the European Community				

BASIC INFORMATION



Ningbo BESTest Bio-technology Co.,Ltd. Address: No.80 building, No.777, Qing Feng Road, Cicheng Town,Jiangbei District, Ning Bo, Zhejiang, China 315033 Tel: 0086 571 2799 8736

EC REP

SUNGO Europe B.V.
Address: Olympisch Stadion 24, 1076DE Amsterdam, Netherlands.